

Individual Distribution Request

Traditional/SEP/SIMPLE IRA

The term IRA will be used below to mean Traditional IRA, inherited Traditional IRA, SEP IRA, and SIMPLE IRA, unless otherwise specified.

VIP Services: (888) 855-9856 | info@trustprovident.com 8880 W. Sunset Rd., Suite 250, Las Vegas, NV 89148

Section 1	IRA Owner Inf	formation		
First Name		MI Last Name	Date of Birth (mm/dd/yyyy)	
Email		Last Four Digits of Social Security Number	Account Number	Account Type Traditional IRA Inherited Traditional IRA SEP IRA
Section 2	Beneficiary In	formation		
Complete only if	you are a beneficiary	requesting a distribut	tion from an IRA that yo	u inherited.
First Name		MI Last Nam	e	Phone
Address		City	Sta	te Zip
Tax ID (SSN/TIN)	Date	e of Birth (mm/dd/yyyy)	Email Address	
Photo Identification	n Iden	tification Number		
			Please attacl	n a legible color copy of a valid photo ID.
Section 3	Processing Op	tions		
				elected, "Normal Processing" will apply. se. See current Fee Schedule for applicable fee
Fo	r "Next-Day" or "Same	-Day" Service, all docum	nents must be received, and	d in good order, by 10 a.m. PST.
Normal Proces	ssing in three business days.	Next-Day Serv	rice o.m. PST next business day.	Same-Day Service Processed within the same day.
			t card I have on file. (If you es will be paid from the cas	do NOT have a credit card on file, please add h in your account.)
Section 4	Distribution T	ype and Instructi	ons	
Select one				
Normal Distribu	ution (Age 59½ or olde	r)		
Required Minim	num Distribution (Note	that required minimum	distributions are not eligib	le to be rolled over)
☐ Early Distribution	on (Under age 59½) (Se	elect a or b below, if app	olicable)	
a. Direct Co	onversion to a Roth IRA	, Substantially Equal Per	iodic Payments, or IRS Levy	
b. SIMPLE I	RA Distribution in the F	irst Two Years (No IRS pe	enalty exception)	
☐ Direct Rollover	to an Eligible Employer	-Sponsored Retirement	Plan	
Prohibited Tran	saction			
Revocation				
Death Distribut	ion (Death of IRA owne	er payable to beneficiary	<i>(</i>)	
SEP or SIMPLE	IRA Excess Contribution	n Removed Under the EF	PCRS	Page 1 o

Section 5	Distribution Amount				
Distribute the reque	sted amount as follows, provided there are no past-due fees on my account. See current Fee Schedule for applicable fees.				
•	Distribution of Entire Account and Close Account I re-registration fees may apply.				
Option B: Partical All accounts are amount, your reactions Cash (Gross Re-register to the control of the contro	al Distribution required to maintain a minimum cash balance of \$500. If your request would drop your cash balance below this equest may not be processed. amount) \$ the following asset				
Asset Name	Amount \$				
	ease complete the mailing information in Section 7 to indicate where to send Change of Ownership documents or, if yount them sent to your address that we have on file.				
Section 6	Withholding Election (Form W-4R/OMB No. 1545-0074)				
Federal Withholdi	ng				
Your withholding ra	te is determined by the type of payment you will receive.				
and 100% below. (ments, the default withholding rate is 10%. You can choose to have a different rate by entering a rate between 0% Generally, you can't choose less than 10% for payments to be delivered outside the United States and its possessions. g Instructions for more information.)				
Complete this sectinstructions and the	cion if you would like a rate of withholding that is different from the default withholding rate. See the nee Marginal Rate Tables that follow for additional information. Enter the rate as a whole number (no decimals).				
_	(If applicable, select one) do not allow withholding: AK, AZ, FL, HI, NH, NV, NY, PA, SD, TN, TX, WA, WV, and WY.				
Name of Withholdin	ng State				
☐ Withhold State	Income Tax of % from the amount withdrawn.				
☐ Withhold State	Income Tax of \$ from the amount withdrawn.				
	old State Income Tax. (Varies by state; please check your state's laws to determine applicability.) at I am still liable for the payment of state income tax on the amount of any distributions received and that I may be				

subject to penalties if my payments are insufficient.

Section 7 Payment Method						
See the current Fee Schedule for applicable fees.						
Option 1: Mail a check to the following payee						
Payee Name		Payee Tax ID Number				
Address	City	State	Zip			
Check Delivery Options: 🔲 Regular Mail 🔲 Expe	edited Delivery 🔲 I Will P	ick Up				
Option 2: Wire or ACH funds directly to the payee's be	ank					
If the ABA routing number provided accepts both wire wire. If the ABA routing number provided is not for a w			hecked, funds will be sent as a			
I have attached separate wire instructions. Initial F	nere					
If submitting separate wire instructions, initial above a	nd sign instructions before	submitting.				
Bank Name						
Bank Address	City	State	Zip			
Payee Name (On bank account)		Payee Tax ID Number				
Payee Address	City	State	Zip			
Account Number	ABA Routin	g Number	∐ ACH			
Section 8 IRA Owner Agreement a	nd Authorization					
Important Place and before signing						
Important: Please read before signing. I certify that I am authorized to take distributions from this	s IRA and that all informat	ion provided by me is t	rue and accurate. No tay advice			
has been given to me by the custodian. All decisions regar	rding this distribution are r	ny own, and I expressly	assume responsibility for any			
consequences that may arise from this distribution. I agree processing this distribution request.	e that the custodian is not	responsible for any con	sequences that may arise from			
. 3						
х						
IRA Owner Signature	IRA Owner Name (Please	type or print)	Date (mm/dd/yyyy)			
Congratulations! You are now	able to submit vo	our completed re	eauest.			
Before you submit this form please revie	_	_	_			
fax this completed form to:	•	, 3 3				

Mail to: Provident Trust Group

8880 W. Sunset Rd., Suite 250

Las Vegas, NV 89148

Email to: distributions@trustprovident.com

Fax to: (702) 253-7565

Reporting Information Applicable to IRA Distributions

If you have any questions regarding a distribution, please consult a competent tax professional or refer to IRS Publication 590-B, *Distributions* from Individual Retirement Arrangements (IRAs), for more information. This publication is available on the IRS website at www.irs.gov or by calling 1-800-TAX-FORM.

Distribution Reason

IRA assets can be distributed at any time and are reported to the IRS. IRS rules specify the distribution code that must be used to report each distribution on IRS Form 1099-R.

Normal Distribution (*Age 59*% *or older***).** If you are age 59% or older, distributions (including required minimum distributions) are reported on Form 1099-R using code 7.

Early Distribution (Under age 59½). If you are under age 59½, distributions for any reason not listed below are reported on Form 1099-R using code 1.

- Direct Conversion to a Roth IRA, Substantially Equal Periodic Payments, or IRS Levy. If you are under age 59½, distributions due to direct conversions to a Roth IRA, substantially equal periodic payments, or IRS levy are reported on Form 1099-R using code 2.
- SIMPLE IRA Distribution in the First Two Years (*No IRS penalty exception*). If you are under age 59½ and less than two years have passed since the first contribution to your SIMPLE IRA, distributions are reported on Form 1099-R using code S.

Direct Rollover to an Eligible Employer-Sponsored Retirement Plan. Direct rollovers to eligible employer-sponsored retirement plans (Internal Revenue Code Section (IRC Sec.) 401(a) (e.g., 401(k), profit sharing, money purchase pension plan), annuity plan (IRC Sec. 403(a)), tax-sheltered annuity plan (IRC Sec. 403(b)), or governmental deferred compensation plan (IRC Sec. 457(b)) are reported on Form 1099-R using code G.

Prohibited Transaction. Prohibited transactions as defined in IRC Sec. 4975(c) are reported on Form 1099-R using code 5.

Revocation. Revocations of regular contributions are reported on Form 1099-R using code 8. If you are under age 59½ and earnings on the contribution are distributed, also use code 1. Revocations of rollovers, transfers, or SEP plan contributions are reported on Form 1099-R using code 1 if you are under age 59½ or code 7 if you are age 59½ or older.

Death Distribution. Distributions due to the death of the IRA owner are reported on Form 1099-R in the beneficiary's name and social security number (or tax identification number for trust or estate beneficiaries) using code 4.

SEP or SIMPLE IRA Excess Contribution Removed Under the EPCRS. Excess SEP or SIMPLE IRA contributions removed under the Employee Plans Compliance Resolution System (EPCRS) generally are reported on Form 1099-R using code E.

State Income Tax Withholding Guide for IRA Distributions

This guide provides general information about state withholding requirements for IRA distributions. It is not intended to provide a complete overview of state withholding rules and regulations. The information in this guide was obtained from state revenue authorities, and every effort has been made to ensure its accuracy. Because state tax laws are subject to constant change, often without prior notice, the accuracy of the information cannot be guaranteed beyond the revision date of this guide.

General Rules

In most cases, state withholding applies to state residents only. In Maine, Massachusetts, Montana, Nebraska, Oregon, and Wisconsin, state withholding also applies to individuals required to file a state tax return in that state.

If a state withholding election is not made and state withholding is required, state tax will be withheld.

A state withholding election may be changed at any time, applicable to payments made after the change.

State-Specific Rules

ARKANSAS. IRA distributions are subject to state withholding at 3.0% of the gross payment unless the IRA owner elects no state withholding.

CALIFORNIA. IRA distributions are subject to state withholding at 10% of the IRA owner's federal withholding election of the gross payment unless the IRA owner elects no state withholding.

CONNECTICUT. Taxable lump-sum IRA distributions are subject to mandatory state withholding at 6.99% of the gross payment. Any other taxable distribution from an IRA is subject to state withholding at 6.99% of the gross payment, unless the IRA owner furnishes the financial organization with a completed Form CT-W4P. Form CT-W4P may be obtained from the Connecticut Department of Revenue Services.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA. Lump-sum IRA distributions are subject to mandatory state withholding at 10.75% of the gross payment, except for any after-tax amount in a lump-sum distribution or a trustee-to-trustee transfer between IRAs.

IOWA. IRA distributions are subject to state withholding at 5.0% of the gross payment if federal income taxes are withheld from the payment.

KANSAS. IRA distributions are subject to state withholding at 5.0% of the gross payment if federal income taxes are withheld from the payment or if the IRA owner requests state withholding in writing.

LOUISIANA. IRA distributions are subject to state withholding only when the IRA owner elects state withholding and specifies a percentage not to exceed 4.8% of the gross payment.

 $\it MAINE.$ IRA distributions are subject to state withholding at 5.0% of the gross payment if federal income taxes are withheld from that payment.

MASSACHUSETTS. IRA distributions are subject to state withholding at 5.0% of the gross payment if federal income taxes are withheld from the payment. (EXCEPTION: A payment is not subject to state withholding if it is excluded from taxation under Massachusetts law.)

MICHIGAN. Any taxable distribution from an IRA received by an IRA owner or beneficiary born after December 31, 1945, is subject to state withholding at 4.25% of the gross payment, unless the IRA owner provides the financial organization with a completed Form MI W-4P. Withholding also applies to any taxable distributions received by an IRA owner or beneficiary born before 1946 that exceeds certain income thresholds. Withholding is not required on qualified distributions from Roth IRAs. Form MI W-4P may be obtained from the Michigan Department of Treasury.

MINNESOTA. IRA distributions are subject to mandatory state withholding. The IRA owner must furnish the financial organization with a completed Form W-4MNP to make a withholding election or to elect no state withholding. If the IRA owner fails to furnish the financial organization with a completed Form W-4MNP, the financial organization must withhold state tax as if the IRA owner is single with zero withholding allowances. Form W-4MNP may be obtained from the Minnesota Department of Revenue.

MISSOURI. IRA distributions are subject to state withholding at 5.4% of the gross payment, unless the IRA owner elects no state withholding.

MONTANA. IRA distributions are subject to state withholding when an IRA owner elects state withholding and specifies an amount. If state withholding is elected, the financial organization is not required to withhold the amount specified if it would result in a net payment of less than \$10.

NEBRASKA. IRA distributions are subject to state withholding at 5.0% of the gross payment if federal income taxes are withheld from the payment or if the IRA owner requests state withholding in writing.

NEW JERSEY. IRA distributions are subject to state withholding when an IRA owner elects state withholding and specifies an amount. The IRA owner must specify an even dollar amount. If state withholding is elected, the financial organization is not required to withhold the amount specified if the withheld amount would be less than \$10 (per payment).

NORTH CAROLINA. IRA distributions are subject to state withholding at 4.0% of the gross payment unless the IRA owner furnishes the financial organization with a completed Form NC-4P. Form NC-4P may be obtained from the North Carolina Department of Revenue.

OKLAHOMA. IRA distributions are subject to state withholding at 4.75% of the gross payment if federal income taxes are withheld from the payment or if the IRA owner requests state withholding in writing.

OREGON. IRA distributions are subject to state withholding at 8.0% of the gross payment unless the IRA owner elects no state withholding.

VERMONT. IRA distributions are subject to state withholding at 30% of the IRA owner's federal withholding election of the gross payment if federal income taxes are withheld from the payment or if the IRA owner requests state withholding in writing.

WISCONSIN. IRA distributions are subject to state withholding when an IRA owner elects state withholding and specifies an amount. If state withholding is elected, the financial organization is not required to withhold the amount specified if the withheld amount would be less than \$5 (per payment).

Withholding Instructions

Form W-4R/OMB No. 1545-0074

General Instructions

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code.

Future developments. For the latest information about any future developments related to Form W-4R, such as legislation enacted after it was published, go to www.irs.gov/FormW4R.

Purpose of form. Complete Form W-4R to have payers withhold the correct amount of federal income tax from your nonperiodic payment or eligible rollover distribution from an employer retirement plan, annuity (including a commercial annuity), or individual retirement arrangement (IRA). See below for the rules and options that are available for each type of payment. Don't use Form W-4R for periodic payments (payments made in installments at regular intervals over a period of more than 1 year) from these plans or arrangements. Instead, use Form W-4P, Withholding Certificate for Periodic Pension or Annuity Payments. For more information on withholding, see Pub. 505, Tax Withholding and Estimated Tax.

Caution: If you have too little tax withheld, you will generally owe tax when you file your tax return and may owe a penalty unless you make timely payments of estimated tax. If too much tax is withheld, you will generally be due a refund when you file your tax return. Your withholding choice (or an election not to have withholding on a nonperiodic payment) will generally apply to any future payment from the same plan or IRA. Submit a new Form W-4R if you want to change your election.

Nonperiodic payments—10% withholding. Your payer must withhold at a default 10% rate from the taxable amount of nonperiodic payments **unless** you enter a different rate in the Withholding Election section. Distributions from an IRA that are payable on demand are treated as nonperiodic payments. Note that the default rate of withholding may not be appropriate for your tax situation. You may choose to have no federal income tax withheld by entering "-0-" in the Withholding Election section. See the specific instructions below for more information. Generally, you are not permitted to elect to have federal income tax withheld at a rate of less than 10% (including "-0-") on any payments to be delivered outside the United States and its territories.

NOTE: If you don't give Form W-4R to your payer, you don't provide an SSN, or the IRS notifies the payer that you gave an incorrect SSN, then the payer must withhold 10% of the payment for federal income tax and can't honor requests to have a lower (or no) amount withheld. Generally, for payments that began before 2023, your current withholding election (or your default rate) remains in effect unless you submit a Form W-4R.

Payments to nonresident aliens and foreign estates. Do not use Form W-4R. See Pub. 515, Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Entities, and Pub. 519, U.S. Tax Guide for Aliens, for more information.

Tax relief for victims of terrorist attacks. If your disability payments for injuries incurred as a direct result of a terrorist attack are not taxable, enter "-0-" in the Withholding Election section. See Pub. 3920, *Tax Relief for Victims of Terrorist Attacks*, for more details.

2023 Marginal Rate Tables

You may use these tables to help you select the appropriate withholding rate for this payment or distribution. Add your income from all sources and use the column that matches your filing status to find the corresponding rate of withholding. See the instructions for more information on how to use this table.

Single or Married Filing Separately		Married Filing Jointly or Qualifying Surviving Spouse		Head of Household	
Total income over—	Tax rate for every dollar more	Total income over—	Tax rate for every dollar more	Total income over—	Tax rate for every dollar more
\$0	0%	\$0	0%	\$0	0%
13,850	10%	27,700	10%	20,800	10%
24,850	12%	49,700	12%	36,500	12%
58,575	22%	117,150	22%	80,650	22%
109,225	24%	218,450	24%	116,150	24%
195,950	32%	391,900	32%	202,900	32%
245,100	35%	490,200	35%	252,050	35%
591,975*	37%	721,450	37%	598,900	37%

* If married filing separately, use \$360,725 instead for this 37% rate.

Specific Instructions

Withholding Election

More withholding. If you want more than the default rate withheld from your payment, you may enter a higher rate in the Withholding Election section.

Less withholding (nonperiodic payments only). If permitted, you may enter a lower rate in the Withholding Election section (including "-0-") if you want less than the 10% default rate withheld from your payment. If you have already paid, or plan to pay, your tax on this payment through other withholding or estimated tax payments, you may want to enter "-0-".

Suggestion for determining withholding. Consider using the Marginal Rate Tables above to help you select the appropriate withholding rate for this payment or distribution. The tables are most accurate if the appropriate amount of tax on all other sources of income, deductions, and credits has been paid through other withholding or estimated tax payments. If the appropriate amount of tax on those sources of income has not been paid through other withholding or estimated tax payments, you can pay that tax through withholding on this payment by entering a rate that is greater than the rate in the Marginal Rate Tables.

The marginal tax rate is the rate of tax on each additional dollar of income you receive above a particular amount of income. You can use the table for your filing status as a guide to find a rate of withholding for amounts above the total income level in the table.

To determine the appropriate rate of withholding from the table, do the following. Step 1: Find the rate that corresponds with your total income not including the payment. Step 2: Add your total income and the taxable amount of the payment and find the corresponding rate.

If these two rates are the same, enter that rate in the Withholding Election section. (See Example 1 below.)

If the two rates differ, multiply (a) the amount in the lower rate bracket by the rate for that bracket, and (b) the amount in the higher rate bracket by the rate for that bracket. Add these two numbers; this is the expected tax for this payment. To get the rate to have withheld, divide this amount by the taxable amount of the payment. Round up to the next whole number and enter that rate in the Withholding Election section. (See Example 2 below.)

If you prefer a simpler approach (but one that may lead to overwithholding), find the rate that corresponds to your total income including the payment and enter that rate in the Withholding Election section.

Examples. Assume the following facts for Examples 1 and 2. Your filing status is single. You expect the taxable amount of your payment to be \$20,000. Appropriate amounts have been withheld for all other sources of income and any deductions or credits.

Example 1. You expect your total income to be \$60,000 without the payment. Step 1: Because your total income without the payment, \$60,000, is greater than \$58,575 but less than \$109,225, the corresponding rate is 22%. Step 2: Because your total income with the payment, \$80,000, is greater than \$58,575 but less than \$109,225, the corresponding rate is 22%. Because these two rates are the same, enter "22" in the Withholding Election section.

Example 2. You expect your total income to be \$42,500 without the payment. Step 1: Because your total income without the payment, \$42,500, is greater than \$24,850 but less than \$58,575, the corresponding rate is 12%. Step 2: Because your total income with the payment, \$62,500, is greater than \$58,575 but less than \$109,225, the corresponding rate is 22%. The two rates differ. \$16,075 of the \$20,000 payment is in the lower bracket (\$58,575 less your total income of \$42,500 without the payment), and \$3,925 is in the higher bracket (\$20,000 less the \$16,075 that is in the lower bracket). Multiply \$16,075 by 12% to get \$1,929. Multiply \$3,925 by 22% to get \$863.50. The sum of these two amounts is \$2,792.50. This is the estimated tax on your payment. This amount corresponds to 14% of the \$20,000 payment (\$2,792.50 divided by \$20,000). Enter "14" in the Withholding Election section.

Privacy Act and Paperwork Reduction Act Notice. The IRS asks for the information on this form to carry out the Internal Revenue laws of the United States. You are required to provide this information only if you want to (a) request additional federal income tax withholding from your nonperiodic payment(s) or eligible rollover distribution(s); (b) choose not to have federal income tax withheld from your nonperiodic payment(s), when permitted; or (c) change a previous Form W-4R (or a previous Form W-4P that you completed with respect to your nonperiodic payments or eligible rollover distributions). To do any of the aforementioned, you are required by sections 3405(e) and 6109 and their regulations to provide the information requested on this form. Failure to provide this information may result in inaccurate withholding on your payment(s). Failure to provide a properly completed form will result in your payment(s) being subject to the default rate; providing fraudulent information may subject you to penalties.

Routine uses of this information include giving it to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation, and to cities, states, the District of Columbia, and U.S. commonwealths and territories for use in administering their tax laws. The IRS may also disclose this information to other countries under a tax treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce federal nontax criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism.

You are not required to provide the information requested on a form that is subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act unless the form displays a valid OMB control number. Books or records relating to a form or its instructions must be retained as long as their contents may become material in the administration of any Internal Revenue law. Generally, tax returns and return information are confidential, as required by section 6103.

The average time and expenses required to complete and file this form will vary depending on individual circumstances. For estimated averages, see the instructions for your income tax return.

If you have suggestions for making this form simpler, the IRS would be happy to hear from you. See the instructions for your income tax return.